

GLP1-Scagrilinitide

PEPTIDES

IMPORTANT: Read This Before Proceeding With Dosing Go to the Prep & Injection Guide for proper reconstitution, syringe sizing, and injection protocols. Mistakes here can compromise your research. the Prep & Injection Guide GLP1-S/Cagrilinitide GLP1-S/Cagrilin

IMPORTANT: Read This Before Proceeding With Dosing Go to the Prep & Injection Guide for proper reconstitution, syringe sizing, and injection protocols. Mistakes here can compromise your research. the Prep & Injection Guide GLP1-S/Cagrilinitide GLP1-S/Cagrilinitide is a powerful combination of Cagrilinitide, a long-acting amylin analogue, and GLP1-S, a GLP-1 receptor agonist. Together, they regulate satiety, control blood sugar, and significantly reduce body weight — achieving results comparable to Tirzepatide, but through a synergistic dual mechanism. How It Works Cagrilinitide : A stabilized amylin analogue that resists enzymatic breakdown, prolonging its effects. Induces satiety and reduces food intake Suppresses glucagon (which raises blood sugar) Slows gastric emptying, enhancing fullness Promotes vasodilation, improving circulation Supports bone health by reducing osteoclast activity and increasing osteoblast activity GLP1-S : A GLP-1 receptor agonist that: Suppresses appetite via hypothalamic signaling Reduces glucagon secretion Delays gastric emptying Aids glucose regulation Research-Based Benefits Average 23–24.4% total body weight loss (vs. 15–17% with GLP1-S alone) Comparable to weight loss achieved by GLP2-T Greater impact than using either compound individually May support bone density, cardiovascular health, and glucose control Dosing Guidelines GLP1-S /Cagrilinitide : 5MG/5MG Mix with 1.5mL (150 units) of BAC water Subcutaneous Administration — dose weekly, on the same day each week ■■ Even if transferring from GLP1-S or another GLP, start at the lowest dose due to the potent effects of Cagrilinitide. Week-by-Week Titration Protocol Week 1–4: 5 units = 0.25mg Week 5–8: 10 units = 0.5mg Week 9–12: 15 units = 0.75mg Week 13–16: 20 units = 1mg Increase weekly as tolerated in 5-unit increments (0.25mg) until reaching: 50 units = 2.5mg (maximum target dose) Side Effects Most are temporary and similar to other GLP-1 medications: Nausea Vomiting Constipation or diarrhea Headache Abdominal discomfort Injection site irritation Contraindications Do not use GLP1-S/Cagrilinitide if: You have a personal or family history of Medullary Thyroid Carcinoma (MTC) or MEN2 You are allergic or hypersensitive to any of its components You have a history of pancreatitis You are pregnant or breastfeeding You are currently using another GLP-1 drug (including microdoses) Use with caution if: You have renal dysfunction You have cardiovascular instability You have gastroparesis or other GI motility disorders Storage Store refrigerated Do not freeze Shelf life: Up to 12 months when properly stored Stacking Suggestions Glutathione – Supports liver detox, blood sugar balance, and reduces oxidative stress Vitamin B12 or MIC+C – Enhances energy, combats fatigue, and supports fat metabolism (especially important during calorie restriction) Tesofensine – May amplify appetite suppression and support dopamine-based reward pathway modulation GH Secretagogues (CJC-1295 + Ipamorelin) – Preserves muscle mass and supports metabolic health during fat loss

Thymosin Alpha-1 – Supports immune balance in individuals with metabolic or inflammatory conditions

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